

Active Ageing Outdoors

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Populations Projections of Note...

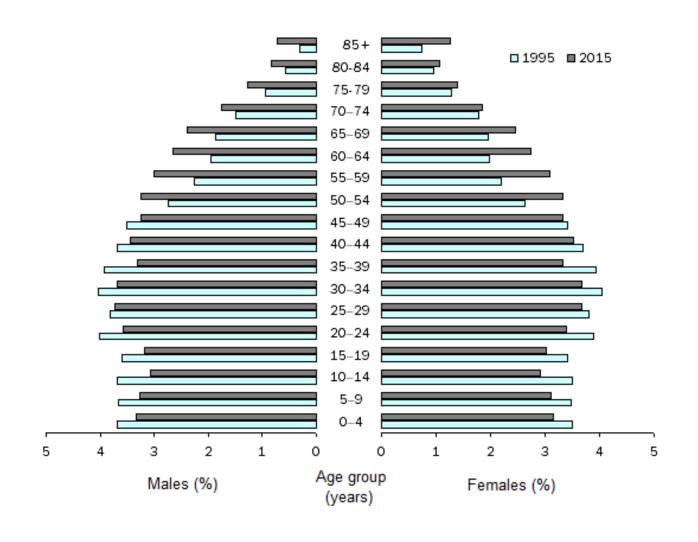
 Population projections indicate the number of people aged 65 years and over is expected to exceed the number of children aged 0-14 years by 2030.

In the next 5 years:

- The proportion of children 0-14 years is projected to increase by 0.2 percentage points from 18.8% to 19%
- Those aged 15-64 years is projected to decrease by 1.3 percentage points, from 66.2% to 64.9%
- The proportion of people aged 65 years and over is projected to increase by 1.1 percentage points, from 15% to 16.1%

(3101.0 - Australian Demographic Statistics, Jun 2015)

Population change 1995-2015

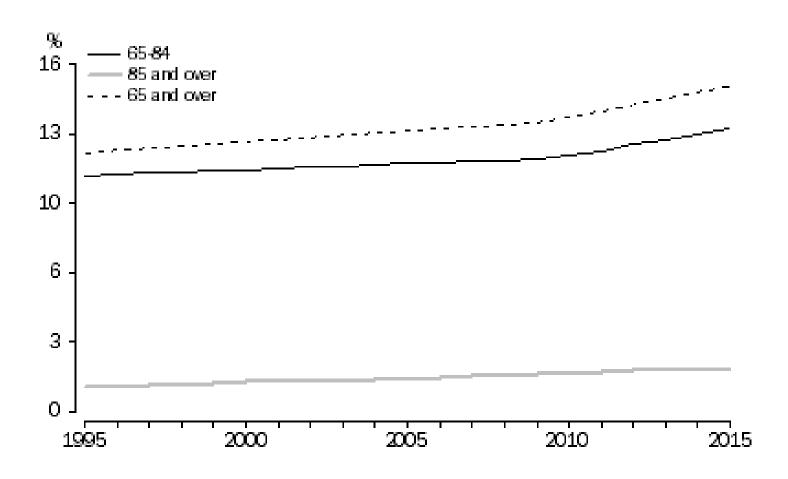


Proportion of People 65 years & Older

- Over the 20 years between 1995 and 2015, the proportion of the population aged 65 years and over increased from 11.9% to 15.0%
- This proportion is expected to increase to over 26% by 2051
- In the 12 months to 30 June 2015, the number of people aged 65 years and over increased by 116,500 people, representing a 3.4% increase

(3101.0 - Australian Demographic Statistics, Jun 2015)

Proportion of People 65 years & Older

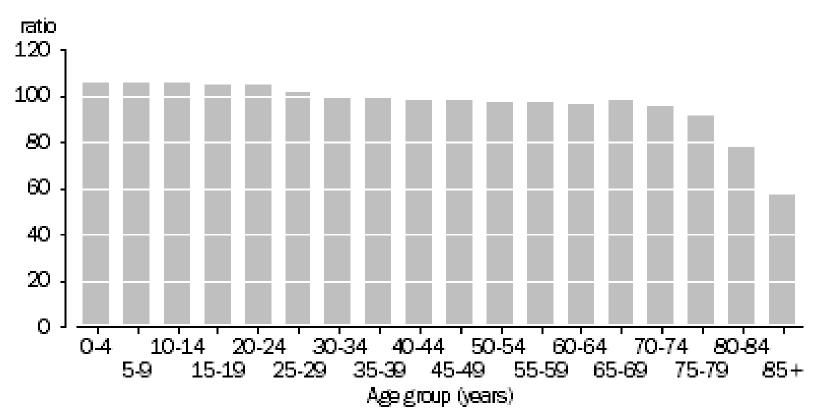


Those Aged 85 years & Older...

- Over the past two decades, the number of persons aged 85 years and over increased by 148%, compared with a total population growth of 32.1% over the same period
- In the year ending 30 June 2015, the number of people aged 85 years and over increased by 17,900 people (3.9%) to reach 472,100
- There were almost twice as many females (299,100) as males (173,000) in this age group which reflects the higher life expectancy for females

(3101.0 - Australian Demographic Statistics, Jun 2015)

Ratios of Males to Females



(a) Number of males per 100 females.

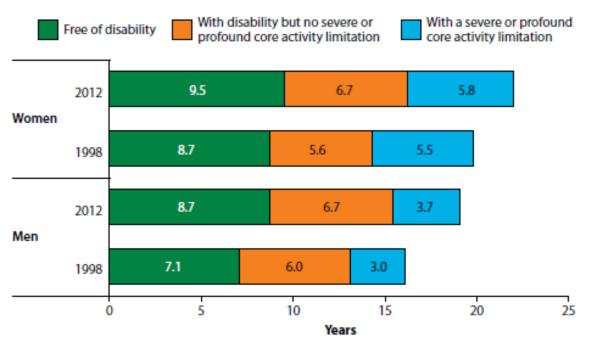


Changing Activity Patterns

- The number of older Australians aged 65 years and over who participated in exercise or physical recreation increased from 44.5% in 2012 to 49.2% in 2015
- In 2015, 50.7% of older people were living with disability, down from a reported 52.7% in 2012
- The proportion of all older Australians who needed assistance with at least one activity has also decreased to 38.6% in 2015, down from 41.9% in 2012
- Findings suggest a positive trend about the lifestyles of older Australians: healthier, living longer, with less disability & a reduced need for assistance

(4430.0 - Disability, Ageing and Carers, Australia: Summary of Findings, 2015)

A range of limitations as they age...

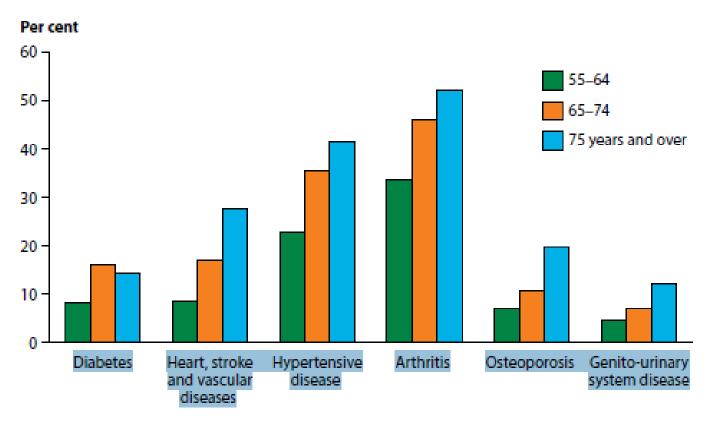


Note: People with a severe or profound core activity limitation always or sometimes require help with communication, mobility and/or self-care.

Sources: AIHW analysis of ABS 1998 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers confidentialised unit record file; ABS unpublished data table of 2012 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; ABS unpublished abridged Australian life tables 1996–1998, 2010–2012.

Expected years of life at age 65, by disability status and sex, 1998 and 2012

Increased health concerns as they age...

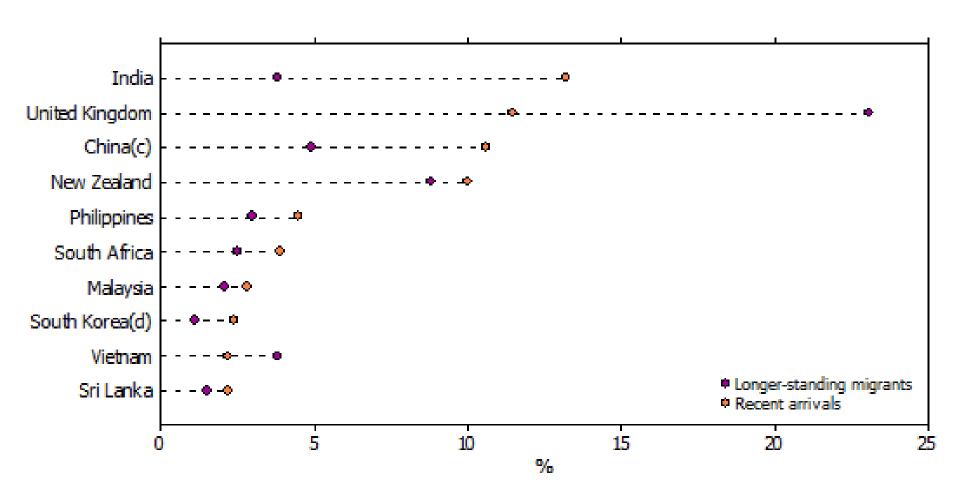


Source: AlHW analysis of ABS 2012a.

Prevalence of selected self-reported health conditions among people aged 55 and over, by age group, 2011–12



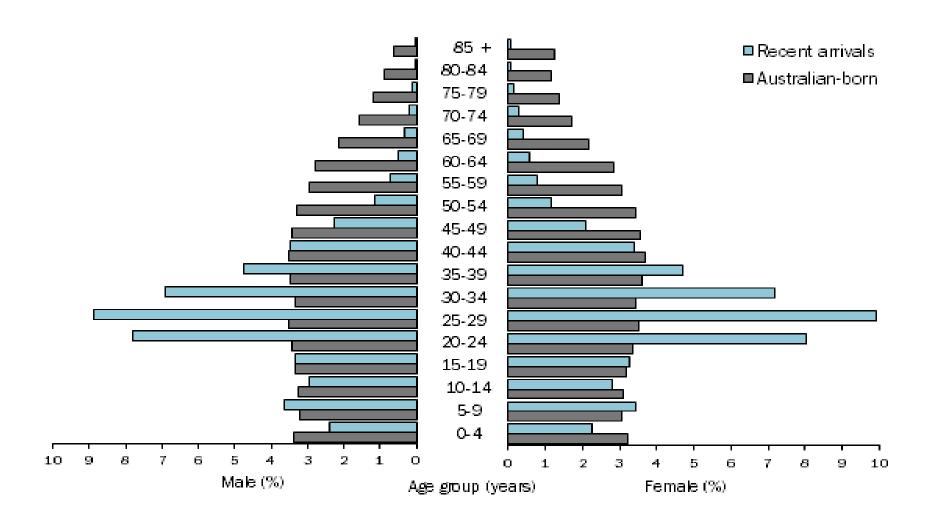
Arrivals to Australia to 2011



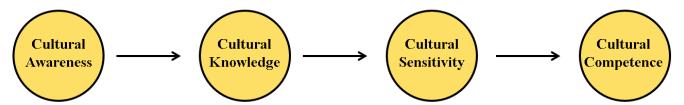


- Recent arrivals (Years 2007-2011) reflect the increasing number of people born in Asian countries
- Recent arrivals accounted for 47% of the total Indian-born population in Australia
- 35% of the total Chinese-born population
- In contrast, only 11% of the total United Kingdomborn population were recent arrivals.

2011 Census age and sex distribution: recent arrivals and Australian-born



Cultural Competence Model™



"Me-Centered" Analysis

What are my values, beliefs, norms, customs, traditions, styles, biases, stereotypes, and behaviors? (Who am I?)

"Other-Centered" Analysis

What are other's values, beliefs, norms, customs, traditions, styles, biases, stereotypes, and behaviors

Knowledge Analysis

How are my values, beliefs, norms, customs, traditions, styles, biases, stereotypes, and behaviors the same or different from others?

What additional cultural knowledge, awareness, and/understanding do I need?

Sensitivity Analysis

Am I open to accepting and respecting differences? Why or why not? What are the benefits? What are the challenges for me?

Can I avoid assigning judgments, be better or worse, right or wrong, to cultural differences?

Why or why not?

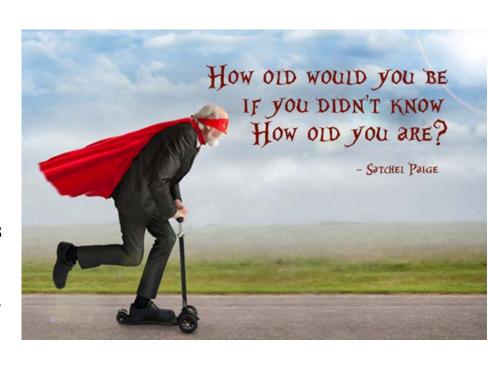
Competence Analysis

What adjustments both in the way I think and behave do I need to make in order to effectively operate in a different cultural context?

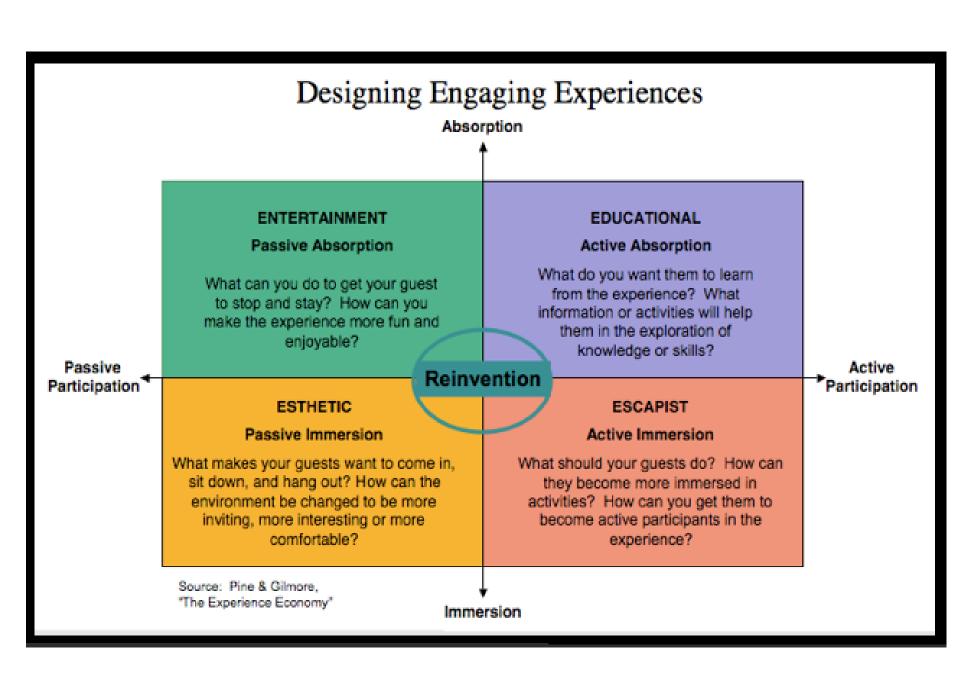
This four-part cycle is a continuous developmental process.

Critical considerations for leisure engagement

- Motivations (seeking rewards/escaping environments)
- Challenge/Novelty/Adventure
- A sense of community
- Interactions & social networks
- Nostalgia & intergenerational bonds
- Memorable & engaging experiences



(Patterson & Pegg, 2009; Patterson, Pegg & Litster, 2011; Patterson, Pegg & Mahadevan, 2015)



Questions or Comments?

